Celebrating the 150-year History of Crawford Memorial United Methodist Church

Through the Years: Operating Expenses, Budgets, and Interesting Gleanings

Ragnhild M. Bairnsfather, December 2021

There is a large safe that one passes going from the sanctuary to Gifford Hall. It was acquired with the assistance of Albert Bent (1867-1952). Bent wrote the history of the church from its founding in 1871 through 1951 and undoubtedly consulted the records that were in the safe. The name across the top is Charles E. Howe Co., the original owner of the safe. The safe, manufactured by Diebold Safe & Lock Co. of Canton, Ohio, is an antique. If one checks similar safes on eBay, you will see some listed for \$800.

This advertisement, about 1880, has a religious theme. Note the distraught man on the left standing by a broken safe with a cross and timbers in flames. The religious and humorous theme is carried further with devils angry because they cannot break into the Diebold safe using blasting powder, nitroglycerine, hammers, pry bars and such. Diebold boasted that their safes withstood the Chicago Fire of 1871. (www.My-time-machine.net/diebold-intro.html)

It has various sized wooden drawers, vertical slots and cubbies and is not intended to be a place for long-time archival storage. There were Treasurer record books from 1875, Board of Stewards' records from 1872, Women's Society minutes, Epworth League records from 1898 and more; all vying for space in no particular order. In 2013 seven archival boxes of the

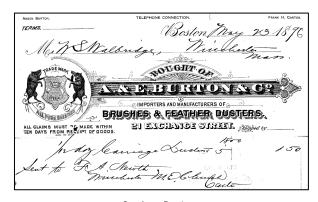


Diebold Safe & Lock ad, circa 1880

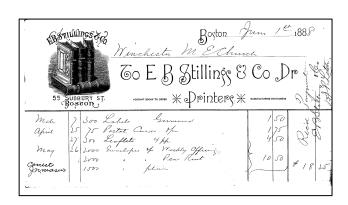
record books and other items that were organized by subject and type were sent to Boston University School of Theology Archives. Records from churches in the New England Conference are stored there under archival conditions and can be retrieved for users during open hours. Not all of the church records went to BU.

There were no guidelines on what records should be kept and what could be thrown out after a certain number of years as there are today. The treasurers seemed to have kept every scrap of paper. Taking up space in the safe is a large wooden box full of packets of invoices, rolled up and tied in thin string. A number of them have been unrolled and copied and are interesting for the logos, the addresses and phone numbers of Winchester businesses, the goods provided and the prices charged.

Some of the operating expenses the church faced in its early years were essential. For example:



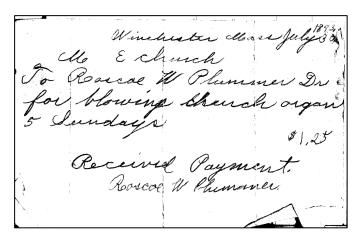
Carriage Dusters



Printing labels, post cards, leaflets and envelopes for weekly offerings and pew rents



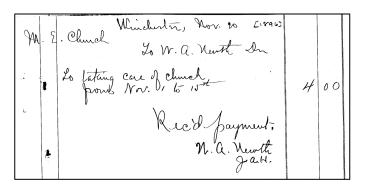
Tuning the organ (1882)



Blowing the organ every Sunday, a once manual process of supplying the wind that enabled the pipes to sound. (1893)

The rules for the sexton in the early 1900s were spelled out. Sweep and dust the whole church each week, assist in handling of tables at socials, clean up afterward and lock windows. Report to Committee when unauthorized persons enter the building. Attend to the suitable heating and proper ventilation – ashes to be sifted. Water to be shut off in freezing weather. Take care of lawns and shovel snow as required.

Water rates for 1892 were found in the treasurer's file. There were four types: * domestic purposes, * hose or fountain, * stables or barns and * stores, shops or offices. There was the warning that the supply of water



Paying the sexton for taking care of the church in 1896

would be cut off from all persons whose water rates were not paid promptly. The water rate for the first horse in a private stable was \$5, each additional horse \$3 and each cow \$1.50. It appears that horses drank more than cows. The rates for stables include water for washing carriages without a hose, but if a hose is used it is \$5 extra.

Regarding the pastor

In 1872 it was voted to pay the preacher \$10 per week.

1909 after the service, a special meeting was held at which time it voted to install a telephone in the parsonage on Myrtle St.

The Official Board in 1905 voted that the pastor be allowed to draw up to \$10 per annum for incidental expenses in connection with church work.

Regarding the congregation

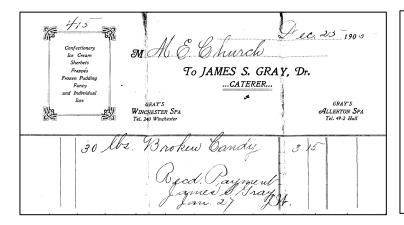
In early times at meetings, names of people who were on probation were presented and voted upon to become members. If there were questions about someone's eligibility, a brother would visit them in regards to the requirements of a Christian life.

Thomas Morris, the church treasurer, itemized the amounts taken in on two Sundays in June 1989.

1905 The local caterer supplied a lot of sweets. They were probably to be sold to raise money, a popular event in 1896, however then they were homemade.

1906 Voted that the church be closed in August on account of the pastor's vacation and the small attendance since so many families are away for the summer.

The Winchester Star Friday October 21, 1938 page 1 – an unusual topic, to say the least, for the Youth Fellowship meeting Sunday evening, supposedly when the skilled surgeon was not operating.



DR. AITKIN TO SPEAK

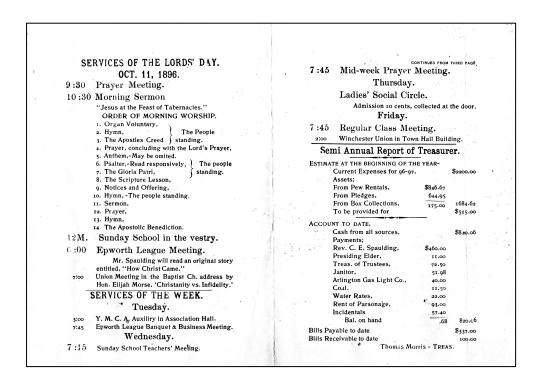
Dr. Alexander P. Aitkin of Rangely ridge, Boston bone specialist, is to be the speaker at the Sunday evening meeting of the Young Peoples Fellowship of the Crawford Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, at 8 o'clock. His subject is to be, "Modern Methods of Bone Surgery."

Receipt for candy

Announcement from the Winchester Star, 1938

Finances

Included in the bulletin for Sunday, October 11, 1896 is the weekly calendar and the semi-annual report of the treasurer.



These expenses were incurred in 1901 when the pastor earned \$1,000 and the presiding elder's salary was \$44.00. Presiding elders were chosen by the bishop and had oversight of churches and preachers in a prescribed district. He traveled throughout the district, presided over the Quarterly Conferences, could administer baptisms and the Lord's Supper and could change, receive or suspend preachers. (*Cyclopedia of Biblical, Theological & Ecclesiastical Literature* by John McClintock and James Strong.

Is it surprising that the amounts received from pew rentals and weekly offerings fell short of their pledges? A study could be conducted to see how often this occurred through the years.

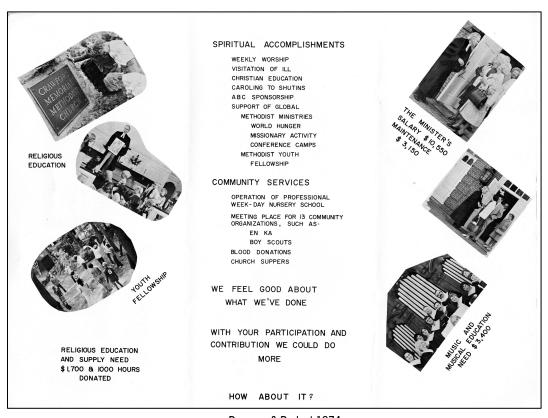
The budget for 1951-1952 is broken down in more detail. The budget was increased to repair the heating system (a familiar and recurring plight) and to strengthen the service of music.

The budget for 1965 saw the minister's salary increase to \$6,500. Christian Education's budget was \$3,700 and music salaries and supplies was \$3,000. The total budget was \$40,000.

Outreach has expanded greatly and along with it expenses. Repair needs are \$17,175; secretarial and communication needs \$3,700; benevolences and mission needs \$9,400. To grab your attention was a photo of the boiler with the caption, "Did you know it will cost \$7,500 to heat and light the church next year?"

To the Members and Friends of the	he Winchester M E.
Church:	
The Committee on Finances beg leave to ing financial statement for the conference ye seven months ending Nov. 1st, 1901:	
STATEMENT.	
EXPENSES FOR THE Y	YEAR.
Pastor's Salary Presiding Elder's Salary Bishop Music Sexton Fuel Gas Water Rates Taxes Insurance Interest Repairs and Incidentals To meet this amount there is pledged:	\$1,000 00 44 00 15 00 150 00 100 00 50 00 60 00 41 00 92 00 45 00 40 00 103 00 \$2,100 00
Pew Rentals Weekly Offerings Box Collections (estimated)	\$693 66 . 682 50 . 100 00 \$1,476 16
Amount unprovided for	\$623 84
PEW RENTALS.	
Received to Nov. 1st	\$385 31 86 04
	\$471 35
WEEKLY OFFERING	ss.
Received to Nov. 1st	\$204 55 180 25
	\$384 80
BOX COLLECTIONS	3.
April 1st to July 1st (13 weeks) July 1st to Nov. 5th (18 weeks)	\$37 76 25 44
	\$63 20

Crawford Financial Statement, 1901



Program & Budget 1974